## Writing about Specific Persons

## Honorifics, Titles, Greetings

Use and respect where titles are known Common: Mr/Ms/Mrs/Mx (Gender-neutral Mx pron. "mix")

When you don't know a person's title

Ask and respect

Use role descriptor (e.g., Counsel) or academic title (e.g., Professor)

Use full name (repeat if necessary)

Use name or role as a defined term (e.g., Ginny Lau, the "Owner")

Use gender inclusive language and gender-neutral techniques

How to greet people when

Use gender-inclusive greetings (e.g., To Whom It May Concern; Dear Counsel) titles unknown

> Use greetings reflecting common role (e.g., Dear Members of the Jury)

#### Pronouns

Ask and respect

Common: He/she/they (singular)

Less common: constructed gender-neutral pronouns

When using they/them (singular), use plural conjugation ("they are" not "they is")

When using constructed gender-neutral pronouns, consider if explanation is required in footnote or parentheses.

### Examples:

My junior on this file is An Turcotte (pronouns are ev/em/eir/eirself).

The custodian knew that Dale belongs to the club and assumed it must be hir1 membership on the table. Ze must have forgotten it.

### Writing about People Generally

## Avoiding Exclusionary Language

Avoid using male or binary defaults to refer to everyone

Avoid masculinized or feminized nouns (person hours not man hours; server not waitress)

Avoid irrelevant and unnecessary gendering

# Using Gender Inclusive Language

Neutral words or phrases Use role descriptive terms instead of man or woman (e.g., shopper, driver)

Use gender-neutral family terms (e.g., parent, spouse, sibling)

Use anyone, anybody, everyone, somebody, one, person, public, etc.

Use they/them as a neutral singular pronoun

Use gender-diverse examples (men, women, and nonbinary people, not just men and women)

Use plural forms to avoid individual pronouns (e.g., "applicants must submit their papers" instead of "the applicant must submit his papers")

# Using Gender-Neutral Techniques

Eliminate

Simple removal if implied (e.g., "at home" the pronoun instead of "at her home")

Restructure sentence to remove

Remove possessives (e.g., "when parking" not "when parking her car")

Replace

Use "the," "a" or "an"

the pronoun

Repeat the noun

Use "who/whose" as relative pronouns

Use "personally"

# Changing Point of View or Voice

Write in 1st or 2nd person (I/we/you instead of he/she)

Use passive voice (sparingly!) to remove pronouns

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Ze/hir/hirs/hirself are gender-neutral pronouns used in the same way as they/them/their/themselves, he/him/his/himself or she/her/hers/herself.